

BREAKING DOWN YOUR GENEALOGY BRICK WALL BY USING DNA RESULTS

Disclaimer.....

Breaking down a brick wall in your genealogical research is not a shortcut, or something to attempt when you have an afternoon off.... It can be quite a time consuming process, but extremely rewarding. You will almost definitely give your brain some exercise, and meet new family in the process!



STEP ONE – GET TESTED

1. <https://www.ancestry.com/> – Biggest data base.
Excellent research tools
2. www.FamilyTreeDNA.com – Tests YDNA and
MtDNA separately
3. <https://www.myheritage.com/> – Very large data
base. Might need a subscription to use all tools.
4. <https://behappytobeyou.co.za/>
5. <https://livingdna.com/int/>

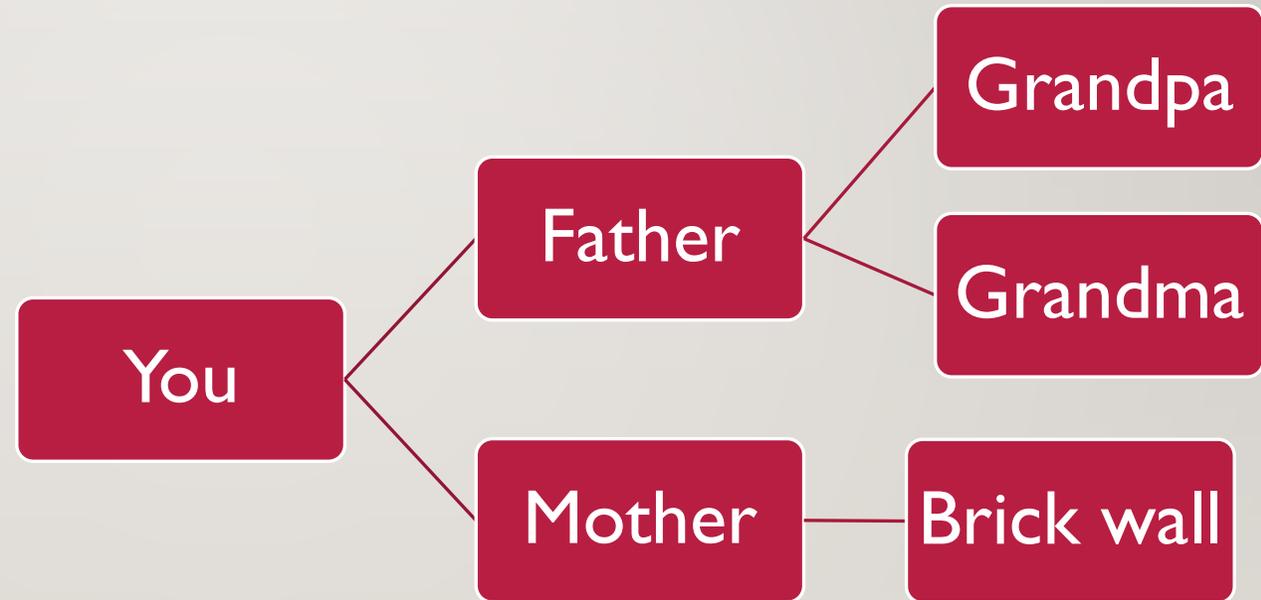
Hint

Annemarie places a group order for DNA kits when Ancestry or FTDNA has a special offer. She then does all the administration of shipping the kits here and the samples back. Write to annemarie.dreyer.ggsa@gmail.com to participate.

ADD YOUR OWN TREE TO THE DATABASE

Very important!

The purpose of this is to make it easier for your matches to see how you might be related, without having to ask you for the information. Also for the website to help you find common ancestors.



STEP 2 – DOWNLOAD YOUR RAW DATA (AUTOSOMAL ONLY)

- On FTDNA – login, hover over results & tools, then autosomal data, click on download raw data – choose Build37 concatenated raw data
- On Ancestry – Log in, go to DNA settings, in Test Management, under actions, select Download, next to Download DNA data. Enter your password, check the box and select Confirm. You will get an e-mail containing a link to confirm the download.
- In MyHeritage – Hover over DNA tab, choose manage DNA kits, find the kit in the list, click on the 3 dots to the right, and click Download kit.

STEP 2 – TRANSFER IT TO ALL THE OTHER AVAILABLE LABORATORIES AND DATABASE WEBSITES.

- FTDNA <https://www.familytreedna.com/autosomal-transfer>
- MyHeritage <https://www.myheritage.com/dna/upload>
- LivingDNA
https://livingdna.com/int/compare?gclsrc=aw.ds&ref=cj&utm_source=CJ&utm_medium=affiliate&utm_campaign=CJ_Incubeta+-+PPC+USD&PID=8206971&CJEVENT=efcdcf8e33611ec826800900a180513
- Gedmatch <https://www.gedmatch.com/>

NB NB NB!!! Also load your tree on these sites



STEP 3 – WORK WITH YOUR MATCHES

- If your are lucky, it might be easy.....like this.

Parent child matches....
Jay!!!

Name	Ancestral Surnames	Relationship Range	Shared DNA	Longest Block	X Match	Y Haplogroup	mt Haplogroup	Actions
Susara	-	Parent/Child MOTHER	3555	284	181	-	-	[Icons]
[redacted]	-	Parent/Child DAUGHTER	3534	284	181	-	-	[Icons]
[redacted]	-	Parent/Child SON	3514	284	177	-	-	[Icons]
Joan	-	Half Sibling, Uncle/Aunt /Niece/Nephew... AUNT	1830	121	126	-	-	[Icons]
Bekker	-	1st Cousin, Great/Half Uncle/Aunt/Niece... BROTHER	1182	187	0	R-M269	-	[Icons]
Jan	-	1st Cousin, Great/Half Uncle/Aunt/Niece... 1ST COUSIN	1067	78	0	R-M269	-	[Icons]
Marie	-	1st Cousin, Great/Half Uncle/Aunt/Niece... AUNT	1003	87	32	-	-	[Icons]
Georne	-	1st Cousin - 2nd Cousin, Great/Half Uncle/Aunt... Assign Relationship	331	70	0	R-M269	-	[Icons]

BUT IT WILL
PROBABLY TAKE A
LITTLE (A LOT!) MORE
WORK ON YOUR SIDE

Step 3 A - Sort your matches to
determine the four grandparent lines.

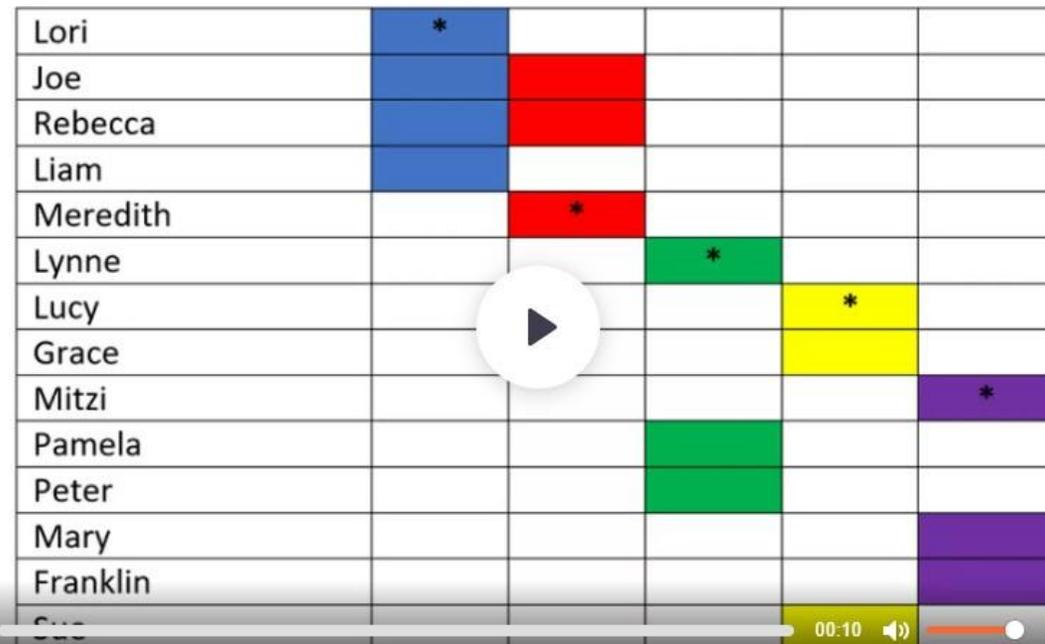
The Leeds method:

<https://familytreewebinars.com/webinar/quickly-organize-your-dna-matches-with-the-leeds-method/>

Quickly Organize Your DNA Matches with the Leeds Method

May 4, 2022 | 3.4K views 

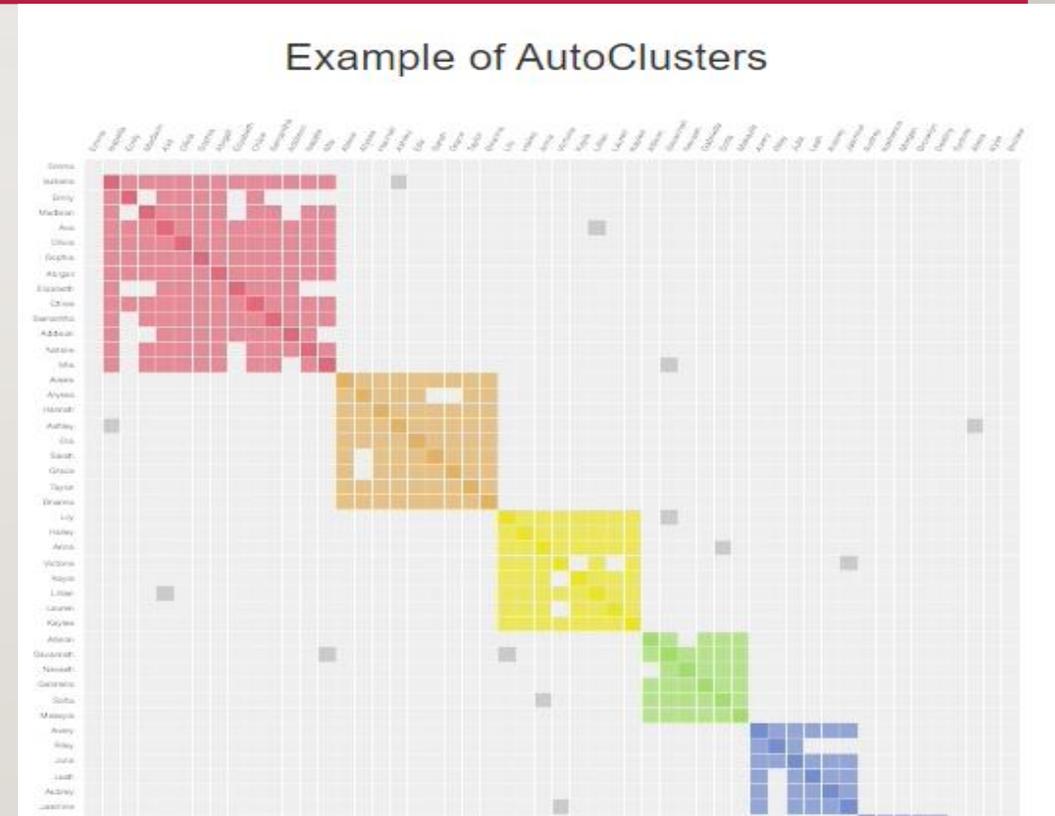
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Lori	*			
Joe				
Rebecca				
Liam				
Meredith		*		
Lynne			*	
Lucy				*
Grace				
Mitzi				*
Pamela				
Peter				
Mary				
Franklin				
Sue				

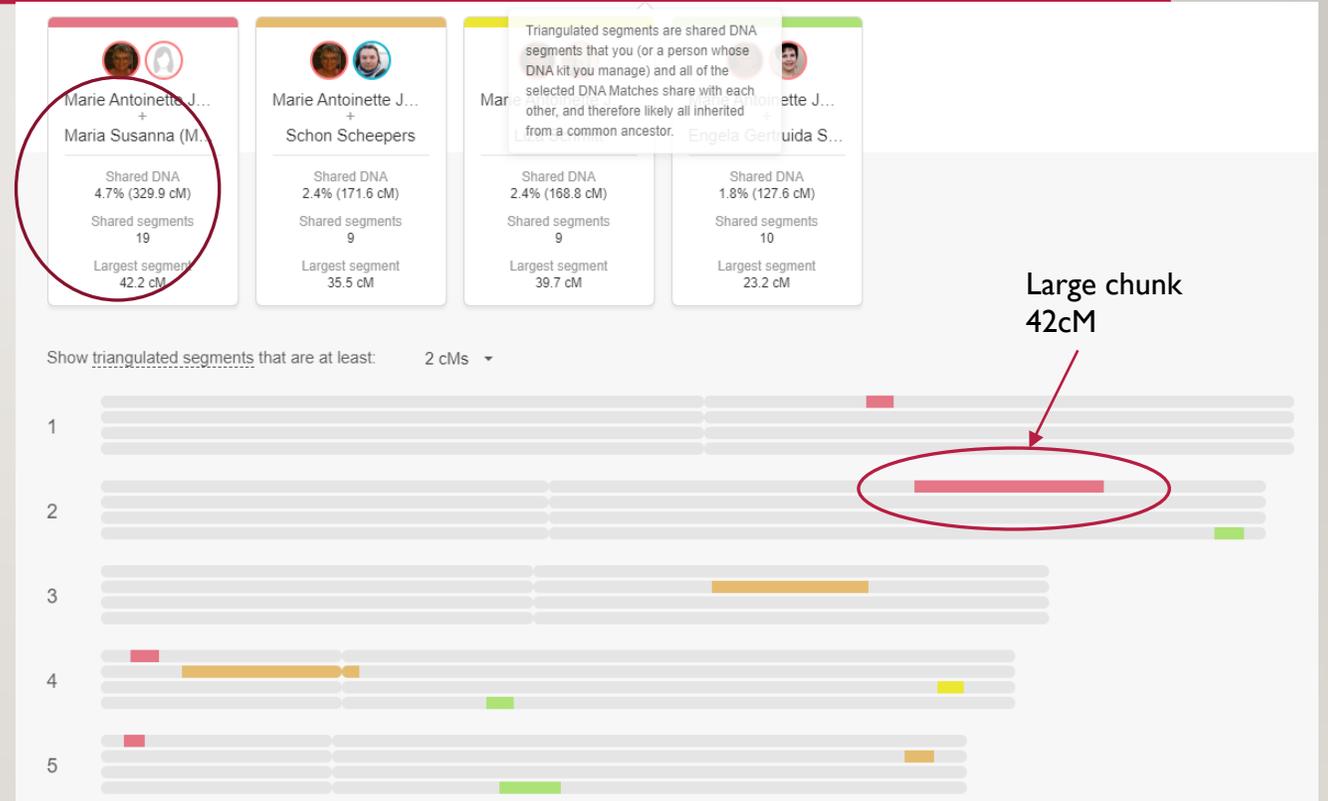
SORT YOUR MATCHES

- For this step you can also use cluster reports, generated by most websites. AutoClustering organizes your DNA Matches into shared match clusters that likely descended from common ancestors. Each of the colored cells represents an intersection between two of your matches, meaning that both individuals match you and each other. These cells are grouped together physically and by color to create a powerful visual chart of your shared match clusters. Each color represents one shared match cluster. Members of a cluster match you and most or all of the other cluster members..
- <https://www.myheritage.com/dna/autoclusters?s=219483791>



CHROMOSOME BROWSER

- You can use a chromosome browser, such as in FTDNA or MyHeritage, to check how many segments your closest matches share with you. Look for matches that share large chunks of DNA, rather than a lot of small pieces, as this indicates endogamy, where you share many distant ancestors with the person. Larger pieces indicate closer relationships.
- <https://www.myheritage.com/dna/chromosome-browser/>



STEP 3B – SEE IF ANY OF THE MATCHES ARE RELATED TO YOU/KNOWN TO YOU



Yes

- This is NOT where your brick wall is. Move that person and all their shared matches to one side.

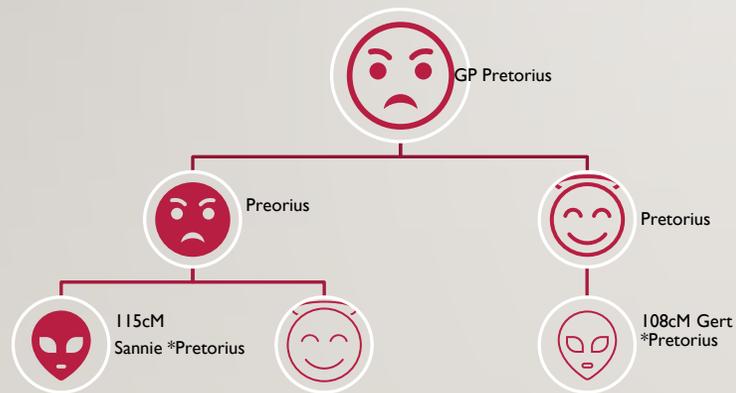
No

- Start a research tree, including all the common matches with your strongest match. Add the amount they share with you in front of their name and a * in front of the surname, so that you can easily identify the actual matches in the research tree

I don't know

- Uh oh...test some of your family members to get more clarity...

BUILD TREES



- Build out the trees of matches with large chunks that triangulate with each other by looking at their online trees, begging them for information 😊 and adding the gaps with our own research. Keep doing this until you find a common ancestor between them. **This is the most time and labour intensive part of the process, and can take several months. All the while you may get new, closer matches to work with.**
- Once you have identified a common ancestor between some of these matches, generate a Gedcom file of the common ancestor couple and their descendants.

EXAMPLE RESEARCH TREE: LOOKING FOR MARIE'S FATHER

Matches

Quick Filter:
First Name:
Last Name:

All People

ID	First Name	Last Name
13...	105.6cM Jan	*HOLTZHAUSEN (Pret...
93	105cM Celesti...	*CRONJE
15...	107cM Sally	*Prinsloo
240	111cM Hendrika	*AUCAMP
18...	117.3cM Cyan...	*EKLUNDH
18...	122cM Belinda	*PITOUT
17...	165.2cM Aman...	*PRETORIUS
15...	168.8cM Liza	*PRETORIUS
220	171cM Schon	*SCHEEPERS
219	174cM Renata	*MOWBRAY
10...	195cMs Elna	*VAN VUUREN
14...	267cM Jurgen...	*BADENHORST
556	32cM Chanelle	*USHER
589	32cM Daphne ...	*JORDAN
15...	45cM Suzanne	*UBICK
16...	56.5cM Debra	*MATTHYSEN

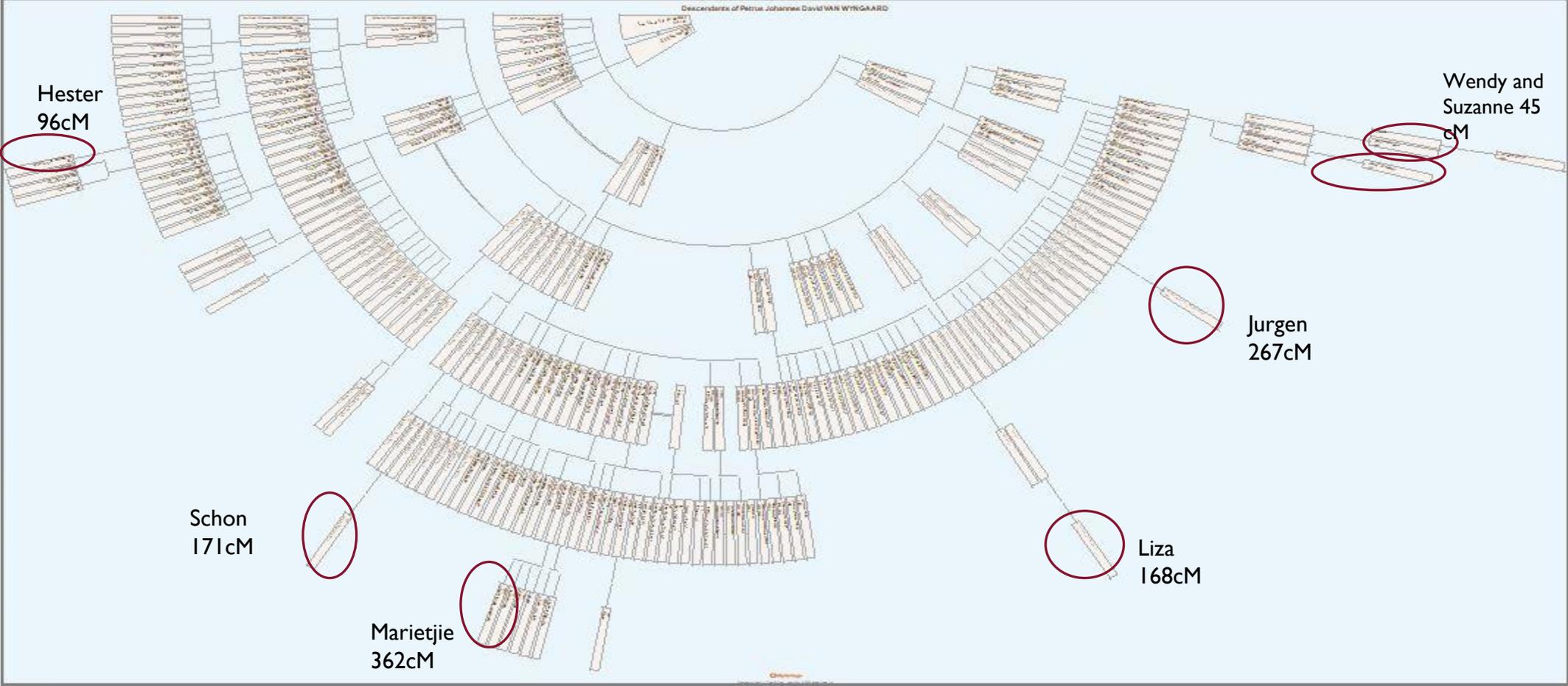
Benjamin Lizamore SCHEEPERS
1947
Born: Mar 20 1947
Wife: Catherine Petronella SCHOLTZ
ID: 221
Last modified: Oct 3 2021, 3:17 PM

Catherine Petronella SCHOLTZ
1950
Born: Oct 20 1950
Husband: Benjamin Lizamore SCHEEPERS
ID: 222
Last modified: Oct 3 2021, 3:17 PM

Status: Married
Children: 1 Add Son Add Daughter

Match → 171cM Schon *SCH...
1973

BUILD MORE TREES..... UNTIL YOU FIND A SHARED ANCESTOR COUPLE

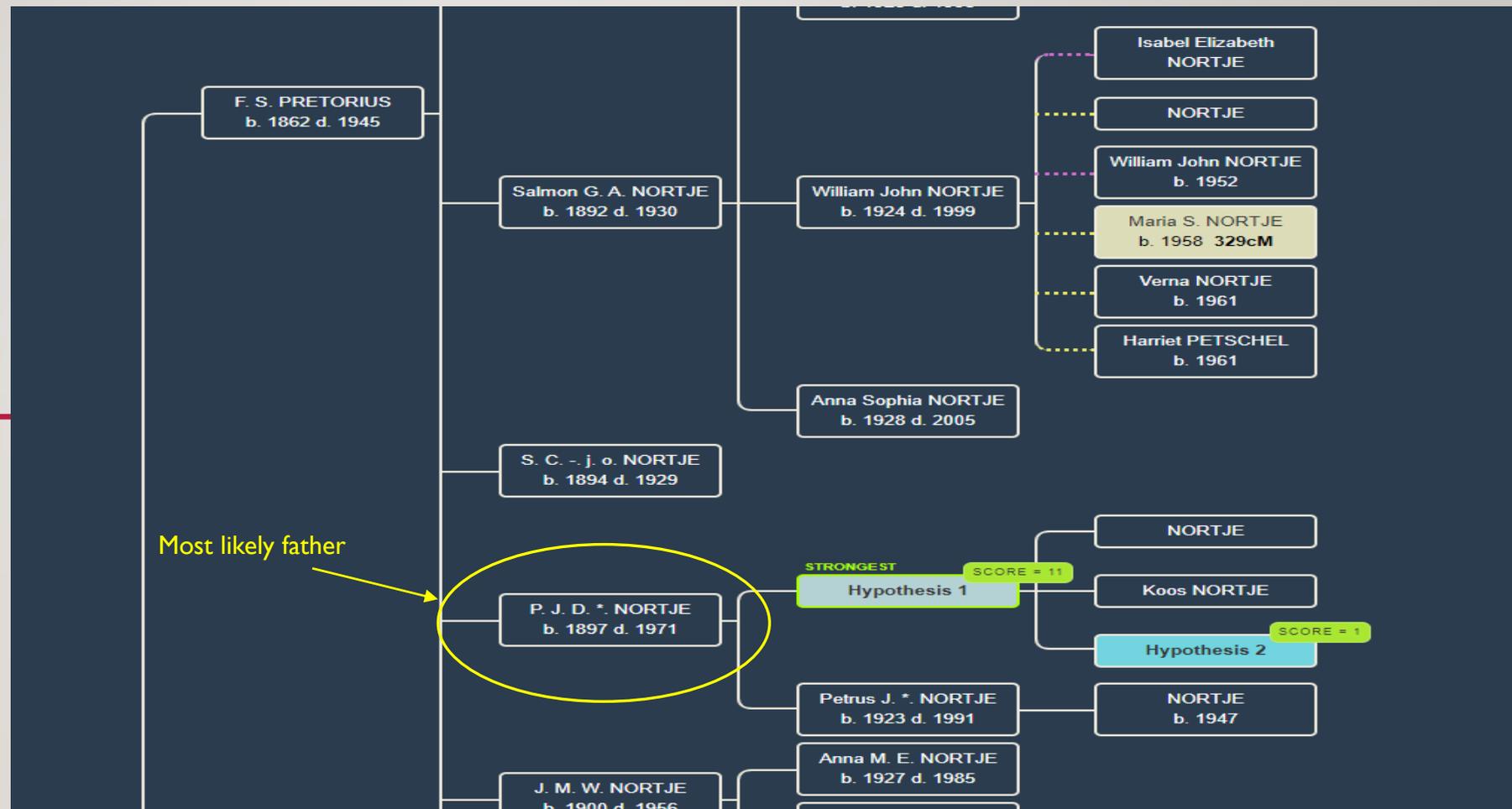


GEDCOM

- Step 3B2 – Load this Gedcom file into WATO (What are the odds)
- Enter your research question, enter the shared cM's of all the matches.
- Click “generate hypothesis”. The program will then show you where in this shared tree of your matches, the person you are looking for could possibly fit in.
- Follow TheDNAGEek for instruction sessions on how to use WATO: <https://thednageek.com/>

WATO TREE

<https://dnainter.com/tools/probability>



FIND DESCENDANTS/FAMILY OF THE POSSIBLE FATHER TO TEST

- This is a personal choice.
- Use Facebook/Identitynumber
- Waar in die Wêreld/Gendatabase/ITC
- Approach the family with empathy.
- Explain the situation
- Ask for a DNA sample
- Wait for results.....



QUESTIONS?
